

DEMOGRAPHIC
TRENDS

U.S.D. 501
Topeka, Kansas

A Preliminary Study

Submitted by:
William D. Lamson
May 30, 1975

Prepared by:

William D. Lamson
Paul Travalini

INTRODUCTION

The preliminary report contained herein and its attendant statistical tables and maps deal generally with the racial and age level demographics of the city of Topeka, Kansas and the consequent effects on the demographics of the Unified School District #501.

Specifically the focus is on the experience of the district's elementary schools. The assumption being that any phenomena operant at the secondary level are essentially diluted extensions of the elementary trends and readily obtained through application of forecasting procedures normally used in a public school system.

The term "preliminary" is meant to imply that this report claims to convey only the basic demographic elements of population movement, race, and age as they apply to school age children. Thus, no effort was made to correlate the findings just mentioned with such things as national, state, or local employment trends, placement of Federal projects, recruitment of migrant labor, or any of the myriad possibilities that might wholesalely change the course of demographic stability as it has expressed itself in Topeka, Kansas over the last thirty-five years.

ANALYSIS

The underlying statistically significant fact about Topeka, Kansas is the historical and ongoing stability of the relationship between the majority and minority races, both at the general population levels and in the schools.

This was initially indicated by the fact that in the thirty years from 1940 to 1970 the black population of the city of Topeka, Kansas maintained at approximately 8% of the total population, strongly suggesting that regardless of the reason or situation surrounding the historical immigration of black minority citizens into the Topeka area they are now and for some time have been, experiencing and reacting to the ebb and flow of economic and general demographic dynamics at the same time and in the same way as the populace as a whole.

The attendant census maps bear witness to this same fact; namely, that the black population as indicated by the color blue on the 1940 census map, is occupying essentially the same geographic area - the southeast corner of the city, as it does today. The major difference being merely one of intensity, not locale.

There is, however, a discernible population shift going on in Topeka, Kansas, and the elementary school attendance boundaries are one of the best indicators of that movement being as intransigent as they have been over a great many years.

What is happening is that, with the possible exception of Lundgren, the portion of the city and school district generally above a line approximated by Huntoon - 6th Street, is rapidly losing both general and school population both black and white.

It is not possible at this writing to state categorically that this loss of people is to the south of the above mentioned line and not, in fact, out of the city and school district altogether, without some extensive on-site interviewing and/or the data from the about to be begun 1975-76 mid-decade U.S. Census update.

PHENOMENON # 1

The school district can be demographically divided racially by a north-south line defined by the eastern attendance boundaries of:

Gage	
Randolph	
Stout	White Schools
Avondale West	
Avondale S.W.	

and coincidentally the western attendance boundaries of:

Lowman Hill	
Central Park	
Quinton Heights	Black Schools
Avondale East	
Linn	

PHENOMENON # 2

The eastern or blacker portion of the school district (with again the exception of Lundgren & State Street schools) can further be divided into two groups:

A group including Lowman Hill, Central Park and Quinton Heights, which when joined by Grant, Quincy, Potwin, Sumner, and Polk, represent a quickly declining central portion of the city, e.g. Potwin will probably soon follow in the path of Clay and Monroe as the next school closed.

And a second group east of north-south line defined by Madison, a freeway, the Atchison Topeka R.R., 29th Street and Topeka Avenue to the south and south of the Sante Fe R.R. representing what could be called the black school phenomenon.

PHENOMENON #3

The Whitson and Crestview elementary schools are the very stable center of the group of schools comprising what could be called the white phenomenon.

- A. To the North and East of this center the following schools are experiencing a moderate though unalarming rate of change:

Gage
Sheldon
Randolph
Stout
Avondale W.
Avondale S.W.

Of these, only Avondale W. and Avondale S.W. are experiencing a racial input having to do with the general movement of the black population to the south and south central portions of the city. And because of the strong indications that the Linn and Highland Park South schools are currently the best candidates for expected substantial increases in black students, it is doubtful that the movement into the Avondale W. and S.W. will be of any consequence in the next 5 to 10 years.

- B. South and West of the white center the following schools are expected to plateau in their enrollment declines to such a degree, as to safely be predicted as among the stable schools of the system within the next 5 years:

McCarter
McClure
McEachron
- Bishop

Curiously enough, the Crestview and McEachron schools are experiencing and are expected to continue to experience an increase in black students uncharacteristic of the geographical area. This casts some doubt on the notion of white flight being quick on the heels of the introduction of black children to formerly all white schools.

PHENOMENON #4

The schools formerly described as the black phenomenon also represent the most actively transitional schools of the district.

Surrounding the very stable Parkdale and stabilizing Belvoir and Highland Park North schools are several differing situations involving black student enrollment to varying degrees.

- A. The rapidly declining Lafayette and Rice Schools are in the full throes of the north to south movement suggested at the opening of this report. And while the brief individual school profiles that follow this narrative suggest a rapid increase in the percentage of black at each of these schools, that is more an indication of the fact that the white students are leaving faster than the blacks who are also leaving.

It should probably be indicated here that the high proportion of Mexican-Americans at the State Street School as well as the smattering of this ethnic group in essentially the northeast corner of the city is in no way considered as yet statistically significant to the city as a whole by the writers of this report.

Therefore, it could not be justifiably assumed that Mexican-Americans would soon be filling the vacant seats being left by the departing black and white students.

- B. The Highland Park Central, Hudson and Quinton Heights schools appear to be part of a lull situation relative to the southward movement of the black population.
1. The predicted increase in the percentage of black of the Hudson school making it identifiably black by 1980 is a reflection of a marked decrease in white population as opposed to an actual increase in the black student composition.
 2. The Quinton Heights school is part of the center city decline phenomenon described earlier and while an increase in the percentage of black is predicted at the school, it is as with the Hudson, a situation where the black student population will remain constant perhaps even decline, but the white decline will be considerably greater.
 3. Unlike A. and B. above, the Highland Park Central school is expected to have a continued growth in the percentage of black caused by a steady influx of black students. This movement is so gradual, however, as to qualify this school for inclusion in this category. See next group for added insight.

NOTE: This category more than any other seems to have the necessary elements for the occurrence in U.S.D. 501 of the trend commonly called "white flight." In all others either both black and white are moving simultaneously or white schools are absorbing any black influx without any consequent white movement over and above trends system-wide.

PHENOMENON # 5

The Avondale E. school is the precursor of a trend in population movement which would suggest that the Highland Park South, and Linn schools as well as the Avondale E. will overtake and soon surpass the three schools in #4 above in their black student composition.

It would seem that something has caused to be open to minority housing the whole area south of 29th Street and east of Topeka Ave. or at the very least facilitated or accelerated the trend causing it to leap-frog over the 3 schools of #4 above.

SCHOOL BY SCHOOL
ELEMENTARY
TREND
DESCRIPTIONS

1974-75
to
1979-80

School Name	1974-1975		64-5/74-5		70/71-74/75		75/76-79/80		79-80		No. Black
	Total Enrollment	%B	% Change	% Change	% Change	% Change	Total Enroll.	% Black	Total Enroll.	% Black	
Avondale East	420	29.7	-36.5	-30.1	-15.0	357	33.4	357	33.4	119	
Avondale S.W.	349	3.1	-28.0	-15.9	-12.0	307	4.7	307	4.7	14	
Avondale W.	428	1.6	-34.6	-19.0	-15.0	364	3.2	364	3.2	12	
Belvoir	295	54.5	-23.1	-18.7	-13.0	257	56.0	257	56.0	144	
Bishop	482	1.0	+29.9	-12.6	-9.0	440	1.5	440	1.5	7	
Central Pk.	280	17.5	-37.6	-34.5	-25.0	210	18.0	210	18.0	38	
Clay	142	19.0	-36.6	-31.4	-20.0	114	20.0	114	20.0	23	
Crestview	416	10.8	-33.3	-7.9	-3.0	404	15.6	404	15.6	63	
Gage	310	1.9	-29.7	-26.5	-13.0	270	2.1	270	2.1	6	
Grant	207	15.4	-49.7	-28.3	-18.0	170	13.5	170	13.5	23	
H.P. Central	423	16.5	-36.1	-29.7	-16.0	356	18.5	356	18.5	66	
H.P. North	336	34.5	-45.0	-27.2	-11.0	300	41.6	300	41.6	125	
H.P. South	468	13.6	-25.0	-19.7	-15.0	398	17.0	398	17.0	68	
Hudson	281	22.7	+9.3	-27.9	-16.0	236	26.6	236	26.6	63	
Lafayette	408	43.8	-35.0	-29.7	-18.0	335	49.7	335	49.7	166	
Linn	366	15.3	+13.3	-16.8	-7.0	340	18.6	340	18.6	63	
Lowman Hill	270	40.7	-39.1	-28.7	-21.0	214	41.3	214	41.3	88	
Lundgren	289	1.3	-33.7	-21.4	-6.0	272	1.8	272	1.8	5	
McCarter	449	1.1	-20.5	-15.6	-8.0	413	1.4	413	1.4	6	
McClure	425	0.0	-20.4	-11.2	-7.0	396	1.0	396	1.0	4	
McEachron	453	2.6	-28.9	-13.3	-9.0	413	5.0	413	5.0	21	
Monroe	110	64.5	-46.6	-49.7	-20.0	88	65.0	88	65.0	57	
Parkdale	279	76.7	-43.4	-19.8	-8.0	257	75.6	257	75.6	194	
Polk	144	20.1	-49.2	-31.7	-13.0	126	21.0	126	21.0	26	
Potwin	256	0.0	-39.6	-30.0	-20.0	204	1.0	204	1.0	2	
Quincy	236	5.5	-39.3	-39.9	-18.0	194	6.0	194	6.0	12	
Quinton Hts.	227	30.3	-30.5	-21.7	-11.0	203	33.0	203	33.0	67	
Randolph	373	0.8	-25.6	-27.0	-16.0	313	1.0	313	1.0	3	
Rice	159	16.3	-57.4	-47.0	-26.0	118	21.0	118	21.0	25	
Sheldon	221	3.1	-30.9	-26.8	-14.0	190	3.8	190	3.8	7	
State St.	390	2.8	-36.6	-27.7	-21.0	309	3.5	309	3.5	11	
Stout	260	1.9	-42.0	-19.0	-11.0	232	2.4	232	2.4	6	
Sumner	227	8.8	-26.2	-24.5	-15.0	193	10.0	193	10.0	19	
Whitson	396	1.7	-18.8	+3.0	+6.0	420	2.8	420	2.8	12	
System Totals	10,780	15.1				9,403	16.6	9,403	16.6	1,565	

Avondale E.	(See page 15.)	
Avondale S.W.	-Projected 1980 Black enrollment:	4.7%
	A continued small increase in Black population is anticipated.	
	-Projected 1980 total enrollment:	307
	A drop of 12% over 5 yrs. due to continued steady decrease in enrollment.	
Avondale W.	-Projected 1980 Black enrollment	3.2%
	Black student population is expected to double	
	-Projected 1980 total enrollment	364
	An expected 5 year decline of 15% reflects a slowing of the 10 year downward pace since the 1964-65 peak of 655	
Belvoir	Projected 1980 Black enrollment	56%
	Black student enrollment is expected to maintain present stable rate.	
	-Projected 1980 total enrollment	257
	A slowing of the decrease from the 1968-69 peak of 518 is reflected in the expected 5 year decrease of 13%	
Bishop	-Projected 1980 Black enrollment	1.5%
	Maintenance of the stable growth rate since school opening in 1965-66.	
	-Projected 1980 total enrollment	440
	Although the ten year trend is a 30% increase, it is felt the 5 years since 1970-71 are a better indication with their decrease of 12.6% since the 1970-71 peak of 552. Hence, a decline of 9% is expected by 1980	

Central Park	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>The stable rate of Black student enrollment growth is expected to continue through 1980.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>The anticipated 5year drop of 25% by 1980 is substantial yet considerably less than the 38% of the ten year since 1964-65, or the 35% decrease of the past five years.</p>	<p>18.0%</p> <p>210</p>
Clay	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>The relatively constant growth rate will maintain.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>Representating a looked-for decrease of 20% by 1980, but much slower than the 37% of the 10 year trend or the 31% of the most recent 5 year trend.</p>	<p>20%</p> <p>114</p>
Crestview	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>A moderated increase in Black enrollment can be expected.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>A continued lessening of the rate of decrease can be expected. The five year decline anticipated by 1980 should be about 3%.</p>	<p>15.6%</p> <p>404</p>
Gage	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>Continued Black enrollment at more or less the present level.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>The slow down in the rate of decline already evident in recent years, can be expected to continue to a rate of 13% over the next 5 years.</p>	<p>2.1%</p> <p>270</p>

Grant -Proposed 1980 Black enrollment 13.5%

A Black enrollment will probably continue the downward trend of the last 10 years into the next 5 years ending in 1980.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 170

The enormously accelerated rate of decrease of the past 10 years (50%) is expected to slow to a rate of declining total enrollment of 18% through the five years ending in 1980.

Highland Park Central -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 18.5%

Continuing the present 10 yr. trend.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 356

Although the projected rate of decline of 16% by 1980 indicates a sizeable drop of some 67 pupils the rate has slowed considerably from the 36% of the past 10 years.

Highland Park North -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 41.6%

A moderate rise can be expected in the Black enrollment over the next 5 years

-Proposed 1980 total enrollment 300

The 46% decline rate of the last 10 years will probably slow to about 11% over the next 5 years.

Highland Park South -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 17.0%

The strong growth rate established in the mid 1960's will continue through 1980.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 398

The decline in enrollment will slow to 15% over the next 5 years.

Hudson -Projected 1980 enrollment 26.6%

The Black enrollment which has been experiencing a lull or plateau since 1972-73 will exhibit a moderate rise, primarily in percentage figures

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 236

The 9% increase of the past 10 years is more a reflection of a peaking in the first 6 years. The 27% decline in enrollment of the last 5 year tend is more indicative of current flow and will probably slow to 16% by 1980.

Lafayette -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 49.7%

There will be a sharp rise in the Black percentage over the next 5 years.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 335

The decline rate will slow to 18% over the next 5 years.

Linn -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 18.6%

An increase in Black percentage cause primarily by an actual increase in Black students.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 340

As with Hudson the 13% growth over the last 10 years represents a phenomenon of the first 5 years or so.

The 16% decline of the last 5 years is much slowed to 7% over the next 5 years.

Lowman Hill -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 41.3%

Black enrollment is expected to maintain the trend of the last 10 years. Losing actual numbers but gaining percentages.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 214

The indicators are that while the 21% expected decrease is substantial given the size of the student body it is a significant slowing of the trend experienced over the last

Lundgren	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>Black enrollment is expected to remain stable.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>The rapid enrollment declines 34% for 10 years and 22% for 5 years will probably slow considerably to 6% by 1980.</p>	<p>1.8%</p> <p>272</p>
McCarter	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>Black enrollment will maintain current stable rate.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>A rate of 8% decline over the next 5 years is little more than half of the rate of the last 5 years.</p>	<p>1.4%</p> <p>413</p>
McClure	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>While there are no indications that this 100% White school will significantly change over the next 5 years the 1.0% Black figure was used to satisfy the probabilities of the situation.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>It is expected that the tendency to almost halve the rate of decline every 5 years will maintain and that the rate of decrease in total enrollment will be about 7% over the next 5 years.</p>	<p>1.0%</p> <p>396</p>
McEachron	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment</p> <p>Due in part to doubling of Black enrollment as well as declining total student population.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment</p> <p>A continued steady decline pace of about 9% is expected over next 5 years.</p>	<p>5.0%</p> <p>413</p>

Monroe -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 65.0%

Black enrollment is expected to continue experiencing the kind of current fluctuations that produce decreased actual numbers but increased percentages.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 88

A school this size could not long withstand 5 year declines of almost 50%. Thus the anticipated figure of a high but manageable decline rate of 20% assumes continued use of the physical plant and the consequent acts of adjustments on the part of the board to curb the current rate of decline.

Parkdale -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 75.6%

A slight drop in Black enrollment will not significantly alter the basic tendency toward stability over the next 5 years.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 257

The low decrease rate of 8% over the next 5 years indicates the school's strong leveling out process.

Polk -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 21.0%

The Black percentages are expected to remain at about the same level with minor fluctuation expected over the next 5 years.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 126

Indications are a continued though slower decline in total enrollment. But again the small size of the student body indicates the necessity for some ultimate decision making.

Potwin -Projected 1980 Black enrollment 1.0%

As with McClure there are no indications of change in the all White status of the school.

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 204

A continued large drop in enrollment is expected in the range of 20%

Quincy	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment 6.0%</p> <p>It is expected that Black enrollment will maintain the stability of the last 9 years.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment 194</p> <p>Again the size of the school and the assumption of its continued use would preclude the continuance of 40% declines every 5 years. Hence the recommended decline rate of 18%.</p>
Quinton Hgts.	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment 33.0%</p> <p>The ten year fluctuation between 30% and 45% Black enrollment is expected to plateau in the low 30's within the next 5 years.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment 203</p> <p>A continuation in the gradually slowing rate of decline is expected. 11% rate by 1980.</p>
Randolph	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment 1.0%</p> <p>This projection is once again intended to anticipate the probability of at least one additional Black family moving into the service area of this essentially White school.</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment 313</p> <p>The 10 year decline rate of 25.6% is expected to slow to about 16% over the next 5 years.</p>
Rice	<p>-Projected 1980 Black enrollment 21.0%</p> <p>A moderate rise in the Black percentage is expected although the actual number of Black students should remain the same or possibly diminish slightly</p> <p>-Projected 1980 total enrollment 118</p> <p>This school experienced the heaviest enrollment decline of the system (57.4% over 10 years) and that trend can be expected to continue through 1980 though at the slower rate of 26%.</p>

Sheldon	-Projected 1980 Black enrollment	3.8%
	The stable though slightly fluctuating numbers of the past 10 years are expected to continue to 1980.	
	-Projected 1980 total enrollment	190
	The 26.8% decline rate experienced since the enrollment peak of 328 in 1967-68 should slow to 14% over the next 5 years.	
State St.	-Projected 1980 Black enrollment	3.5%
	The Black population will continue the stable rate of the past 9 years ranging from 4.3 to 2.8%.	
	-Projected 1980 total enrollment	309
	The substantial decline of 36% over 10 years should slow to a lower though still considerable rate of 21.0% over the next 5 years.	
Stout	-Projected 1980 Black enrollment	2.4%
	Black enrollment is expected to make a slight increase from the present 1.9% level in the next 5 years.	
	-Projected 1980 total enrollment	232
	A definite slowing of the heavy 10 year decline of 42.0% to a much more stable 11.0%.	
Summer	-Projected 1980 Black enrollment	10.0%
	A continuation of the rise in Black student percentages over the last 5 years is expected through 1980.	
	-Proposed 1980 total enrollment	193
	The steady trend of 25% decrease every 5 years will continue at a rate of 15% over the next 5 years. Though a reversing of the trend is expected soon after 1980.	

Whitson

-Projected 1980 Black enrollment 2.8%

The large jump in Black enrollment over the last year is expected to continue though at a slower rate for the next 5 years

-Projected 1980 total enrollment 420

It is expected that this school will experience an increase in population of about 6% by 1980.

Avondale East

-Projected 1980 Black enrollment 33.4%

A slight increase in Black enrollment can be expected in the next 5 years following the basic trend established over the past 5 years. The increase will not be as great as the increase from 66/67 to 69/70.

357

A continued enrollment decline can be expected over the next 5 years (-15.0%) though not as great as the last 10 years (-36.5%) or the last 5 years (-30.1%). The heavy losses experienced since 64/65 (enrollment of 662) will not continue and a slight upturn can be expected at the end of the 5 year period.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS BY PERCENT BLACK

1974 - 1975

&

1979 - 1980

SCHOOL NAME	1974-75 % B	1979-80 % B
Parkdale	76.7	75.6
Monroe	64.5	65.0
Belvoir	54.5	56.0
Lafayette	43.8	49.7
Lowman Hill	40.7	41.3
H.P. North	34.5	41.6
Quinton Hts.	30.3	33.0
Avondale E.	29.7	---
Hudson	22.7	26.6
Polk	20.1	21.0
Clay	19.0	20.0
Central Pk.	17.5	18.0
H.P. Central	16.5	18.5
Rice	16.3	21.0
Grant	15.4	13.5
Linn	15.3	18.6
H.P. South	13.6	17.0
Crestview	10.8	15.6
Sumner	8.8	10.0
Qumicy	5.5	6.0
Sheldon	3.1	3.8
Avondale S.W.	3.1	4.7
State St.	2.8	3.5
McEachron	2.6	5.0
Stout	1.9	2.4
Gage	1.9	2.1
Whitson	1.7	2.8
Avondale W.	1.6	3.2
Lungren	1.3	1.8
McCarter	1.1	1.4
Bishop	1.0	1.5
Randolph	.8	1.0
Potwin	-0-	1.0
McClure	-0-	1.0

1974-75 % B	1979-80 % B
22.7	26.6
20.1	21.0
19.0	20.0
17.5	18.0
16.5	18.5
16.3	21.0
15.4	13.5
15.3	18.6
13.6	17.0
10.8	15.6
8.8	10.0
5.5	6.0

15.06 15.9 system average

* Indicating schools often considered integrated using standard allowances.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS BY PERCENT BLACK

1974 - 1975

East Topeka	51.1								
Crane	44.1								
Highland Park	23.5								
Eisenhower	16.9	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">+ 5%</td> <td rowspan="4" style="padding: 2px;">+10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">*</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">- 5%</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">-10%</td> </tr> </table>	+ 5%	+10%	*	- 5%	-10%	<hr style="width: 100%; border: 0.5px solid black;"/>	13.37 system average
+ 5%	+10%								
*									
- 5%									
-10%									
Curtis	13.3								
Boswell	11.5								
Roosevelt	4.7								
French	3.2								
Holliday	2.0								
Jardine	1.6								
Landon	1.2								
Capper	.8								

Topeka High	19.9		
Highland Park	16.9	<hr style="width: 100%; border: 0.5px solid black;"/>	13.26 system average
Topeka West	.5		

* Indicating schools often considered integrated using standard allowances.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS BY PERCENT MINORITY

1974 - 1975

	% Minority		% Black
Parkdale	86.75		76.7
Monroe	82.73		64.5
Lafayette	68.87		43.8
Belvoir	67.12		54.5
Lowmanhill	47.04		40.7
H.P. North	42.26		34.5
Quinton Hts.	37.00		30.3
Avondale E.	35.95		29.7
Polk	32.64		20.1
State St.	32.56		2.8
Hudson	28.11	+10%	22.7
Grant	27.05		15.4
Clay	25.35	+ 5%	19.0
Rice	22.64		16.3
Linn	21.86		15.3
Quincy	19.49	*	5.5
H.P. Central	19.39		16.5
Central Park	18.57		17.5
H.P. South	18.16	- 5%	13.6
Summer	15.42		8.8
Crestview	12.74	-10%	10.8
Avondale S.W.	4.87		3.1
Stout	4.62		1.9
Bishop	4.52		1.0
Sheldon	4.07		3.1
Potwin	3.91		0.0
Gage	3.87		1.9
Lundgren	3.46		1.3
Avondale W.	2.80		1.6
McEachron	2.65		2.6
Whitson	2.53		1.7
Randolph	1.88		0.8
McCarter	1.56		1.1
McClure	0.71		0.0

21.1
system
average

* Indicating schools often considered integrated using standard allowances.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS BY PER CENT MINORITY

1974 - 1975

East Topeka	64.6		
Crane	52.8		
H.P. Jr. High	28.5	+10%	
Curtis	25.6	*	
Eisenhower	20.0	+ 5%	
Holliday	18.1	- 5%	
Boswell	14.6		
Roosevelt	10.4	-10%	
French	5.6		
Jardine	2.6		
Landon	2.0		
Capper	1.1		

18.51 system average

Topeka High	27.2		
Highland Park	22.2		
Topeka West	2.4		

18. system average

* Indicating schools often considered integrated using standard allowances.

APPENDIX A

GENERAL ELEMENTARY ENROLLMENTS

U.S.D. 501

1964-65 - 1974-75

	1964-65	1965-66	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71	1971-72	1972-73	1973-74	1974-75
Avondale	662	629	595	528	552	550	551	583	524	460	420
Avondale S.W.	485	474	461	482	471	448	415	380	349	373	349
Avondale W.	655	541	564	576	565	558	529	506	478	442	428
Belvoir	384	410	427	486	518	450	363	311	363	320	295
Bishop		371	399	453	508	529	552	548	553	509	482
Central Pk.	449	423	355	408	363	385	375	373	342	310	280
Clay	224	216	218	215	226	209	207	195	178	173	142
Crestview	624	565	549	549	530	516	452	430	450	410	416
Gage	441	427	417	406	395	398	422	399	385	319	310
Grant	412	369	338	310	336	320	289	248	226	220	207
H.P. Central	663	674	685	710	673	651	602	545	505	445	423
H.P. North	612	564	551	528	513	530	462	441	397	346	336
H.P. South	625	585	595	625	607	603	583	566	538	486	468
Hudson	257	203	220	296	333	346	390	351	303	294	281
Lafayette	628	640	479	461	522	553	581	581	452	444	408
Linn	323	364	403	418	404	456	440	413	390	363	366
Lowman Hill	444	448	401	429	384	394	379	362	333	284	270
Lundgren	436	419	394	405	412	424	368	338	294	276	289
McCarter	565	562	573	584	551	550	532	476	470	471	449
McClure	534	549	553	515	496	483	479	445	443	422	425
McEachron	638	414	434	465	477	501	523	507	513	471	453
Monroe	206	243	243	219	230	219	219	181	155	146	110
Parkdale	493	466	436	394	415	403	348	353	357	273	279
Polk	284	237	182	221	205	206	211	187	169	174	144
Potwin	424	407	403	383	361	357	366	329	314	273	256
Quincy	389	396	363	334	378	363	350	326	263	256	236
Quinton Hts.	327	323	313	286	293	274	290	296	254	252	227
Randolph	502	501	488	538	524	514	511	491	452	409	373
Rice	374	378	333	306	323	306	300	253	215	203	159
Sheldon	320	346	318	328	304	320	302	296	285	235	221
State St.	616	607	556	559	555	555	540	489	462	421	390
Stout	449	441	400	393	372	346	321	310	317	302	260
Summer	308	293	301	309	286	316	301	282	258	254	227
Whitson	488	445	450	440	436	426	387	387	335	338	396

BLACK ELEMENTARY ENROLLMENTS
 U.S.D. 501
 1966-67 - 1974-75

	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71	1971-72	1972-73	1973-74	1974	75								
	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%								
Avondale East	76	12.7	72	13.8	98	17.4	135	24.5	153	27.7	182	31.2	149	28.4	124	26.9	125	29.7
Avondale S.W.	0	0	5	1.0	6	1.2	8	1.7	11	2.4	4	1.0	5	1.4	8	2.1	11	3.1
Avondale W.	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	.5	2	.4	4	.9	7	1.6
Belvoir	208	48.7	229	47.1	243	46.9	223	49.5	182	51.7	156	50.1	182	50.1	183	57.1	161	54.5
Bishop	2	0.5	3	0.6	4	.7	3	.5	3	.5	8	1.4	11	1.9	13	2.5	5	1.0
Central Park	47	13.2	50	12.2	53	15.0	62	16.1	69	18.4	72	19.3	63	18.4	48	15.4	49	17.5
Clay	28	12.8	33	15.3	36	15.9	37	17.7	39	18.8	25	12.8	24	13.4	26	15.0	27	19.0
Crestview	1	0.2	2	0.3	2	.3	2	.3	3	.6	3	.7	4	1.1	35	8.5	45	10.8
Gage	6	1.4	1	0.2	2	.5	2	.4	3	.7	0	0	3	.7	7	2.1	6	1.9
Grant	108	31.8	41	29.3	81	24.1	66	20.6	58	20.0	41	16.5	24	10.6	30	13.6	32	15.4
H.P. Central	86	12.5	103	14.5	104	15.4	84	12.9	84	13.9	80	14.6	63	12.4	69	15.4	70	16.5
H.P. North	54	17.0	123	23.2	121	23.5	153	28.8	123	26.4	126	28.5	125	33.1	117	33.8	116	34.5
H.P. South	5	.8	8	1.2	20	3.7	13	2.1	21	4.1	41	7.2	43	7.9	59	12.1	64	13.6
Hudson	14	5.3	18	6.0	20	6.0	22	6.4	58	14.8	71	20.2	64	21.1	66	22.4	64	22.7
Lafayette	125	26.0	140	30.3	144	27.5	152	27.4	170	29.2	186	32.0	177	39.1	190	42.7	179	43.8
Linn	12	2.9	16	3.8	14	3.4	45	9.8	37	8.4	35	8.4	57	14.6	60	16.5	56	15.3
Lowman Hill	187	46.6	171	39.8	163	42.4	170	43.2	141	37.2	145	40.0	122	36.6	116	40.8	110	40.7
Lundgren	2	.5	1	0.2	0	0	2	.4	1	.2	0	0	3	1.0	3	1.0	4	1.3
McCarter	0	0	2	0.3	0	0	3	.5	0	0	1	.2	2	.4	5	1.0	12	1.1
McClure	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
McEachron	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	.1	3	.5	7	1.3	9	1.7	9	1.9	12	2.6
Monroe	182	74.8	155	70.7	148	64.3	158	72.1	148	67.5	131	72.3	98	63.2	93	63.6	71	64.5
Parkdale	372	85.3	332	84.2	327	83.6	335	83.1	308	88.5	277	78.4	291	81.5	206	75.4	214	76.7
Polk	18	9.8	25	11.3	14	6.8	29	14.0	29	13.7	38	20.3	28	16.5	28	16.0	29	20.1
Potwin	0	0	1	0.2	2	.5	1	.2	0	0	0	0	1	.3	0	0	0	0
Quincy	16	4.4	16	4.7	15	3.9	13	3.9	15	4.2	17	5.2	8	3.0	14	5.9	13	5.5
Quinton Hts.	105	33.5	99	34.6	88	30.0	99	42.3	116	44.6	90	30.4	76	29.9	76	30.1	69	30.3
Randolph	1	0.2	2	3.7	1	.1	2	.3	3	.5	5	1.0	4	.8	4	.9	3	.8
Rice	10	3.0	15	4.9	14	4.3	19	5.8	14	4.6	19	7.5	21	9.7	22	10.8	26	16.3
Sheldon	7	3.3	11	3.4	15	4.9	9	2.8	10	3.3	9	3.0	10	3.5	4	1.7	7	3.1
State St.	24	4.3	22	3.9	18	3.2	17	3.0	16	2.9	12	2.5	16	3.7	14	3.3	11	2.8
Stout	2	0.5	2	0.5	5	1.3	2	.6	3	.9	4	1.2	10	3.1	4	1.3	5	1.9
Sumner	13	4.3	11	3.5	10	3.9	17	5.3	9	2.9	15	5.3	19	7.3	25	9.8	20	8.8
Whitson	5	1.1	3	0	2	.4	3	.7	2	.5	1	.2	0	0	2	.6	7	1.7

CENSUS DATA**
 1940 - 1970
 Topeka, Kansas
 S.M.S.A.

TRACK	1970		1960		1950		1940	
	TTL	%B	TTL	%B	TTL	%B	TTL	%B
1.	2271	2	4480	5	WARD*1. 2107	14.2	6442	15.0
2.	1105	29	3587	21	2. 4162	7.5	13632	5.6
3.	3011	38	4746	22	3. 6320	6.9	10212	9.5
4.	5066	13	6061	8	4. 2477	2.7	9574	3.0
5.	3995	16	3952	13	5. 2719	28.8	9364	23.3
6.	3464	5	3987	4	6. 3076	0.3	15681	3.3
7.	3996	15	3200	15	7. 1140	1.1	2928	0
8.	4759	5	5416	10	8. 3892	1.9	----	
9.	3338	0	3498	0	9. 338	4.7	----	
10.	4761	2	5809	3				
11.	4616	21	5257	14				
12.	3305	47	3630	46				
13.	5372	4	6029	2				
14.	763	74	1176	39				
15.	2247	11	2034	9				
16.	8821	0	3244	0				
17.	1223	7	1118	10				
18.	4666	1	5165	0				
19.	3956	1	3905	0				
20.	4328	1	4554	0				
21.	5328	13	5836	10				
22.	3696	1	3862	0				
23.	991	7	1341	7.5				
24.	2703	1	1401	4				
25.	3150	0	3237	0				
26.	5219	0	2416	0				
27.	8249	0	5964	0				
28.	4983	1	4542	1				
29.	4679	10	3519	1				
30.	5006	3	2643	1				
31.	5841	21	2537	16				
32.	1343	4	929	3				
33.	1696	0	1674	1				
34.	1547	0	2546	2				
35.	88	0	2908	0				
36.	792	0	2436	1				
37.	1821	1	1884	0				
38.	6533	10	4547	4				
39.	1776	0	2752	0				

* Ward designation numbers do not correspond to tract designation numbers.

- ** 1. U.S. Census 1970. Dept. of Commerce Pub. 4C(3) -91
 2. U.S. Census 1960. Report of Population & Housing.
 3. U.S. Census 1950. Dept. of Commerce Pub. H-E195.
 4. U.S. Census 1940. Report of population.

1970
 CENSUS TRACTS
 By Elementary Schools

CENSUS TRACTS

Avondale E.	29
Avondale S.W.	28, 16
Avondale W.	28, 16
Belvoir	31
Bishop	16
Central Park	4, 18
Clay	6, 21, 5
Crestview	27
Gage	24
Grant	7, 8
Highland Park C.	13, 14
Highland Park N.	12, 13, 14
Highland Park S.	30
Hudson	31
Lafayette	11, 2, 32
Linn	29
Lowman Hill	21
Lundgren	9, 32
McCarter	24, 25, 26
McClure	26
McEachron	27, 16
Monroe	3, 15
Parkdale	12, 11, 2
Polk	5, 1, 34
Potwin	22
Quincy	8
Quinton Hts.	15, 14, 3
Randolph	18, 19
Rice	32
Sheldon	24, 25, 19
State St.	10, 2
Stout	15
Sumner	6, 1, 2
Whitson	19, 25

PROJECTION OF NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS TO 1982-83

1973 EDITION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF H.E.W.

OE 74-11105

PUBLIC ELEMENTARY

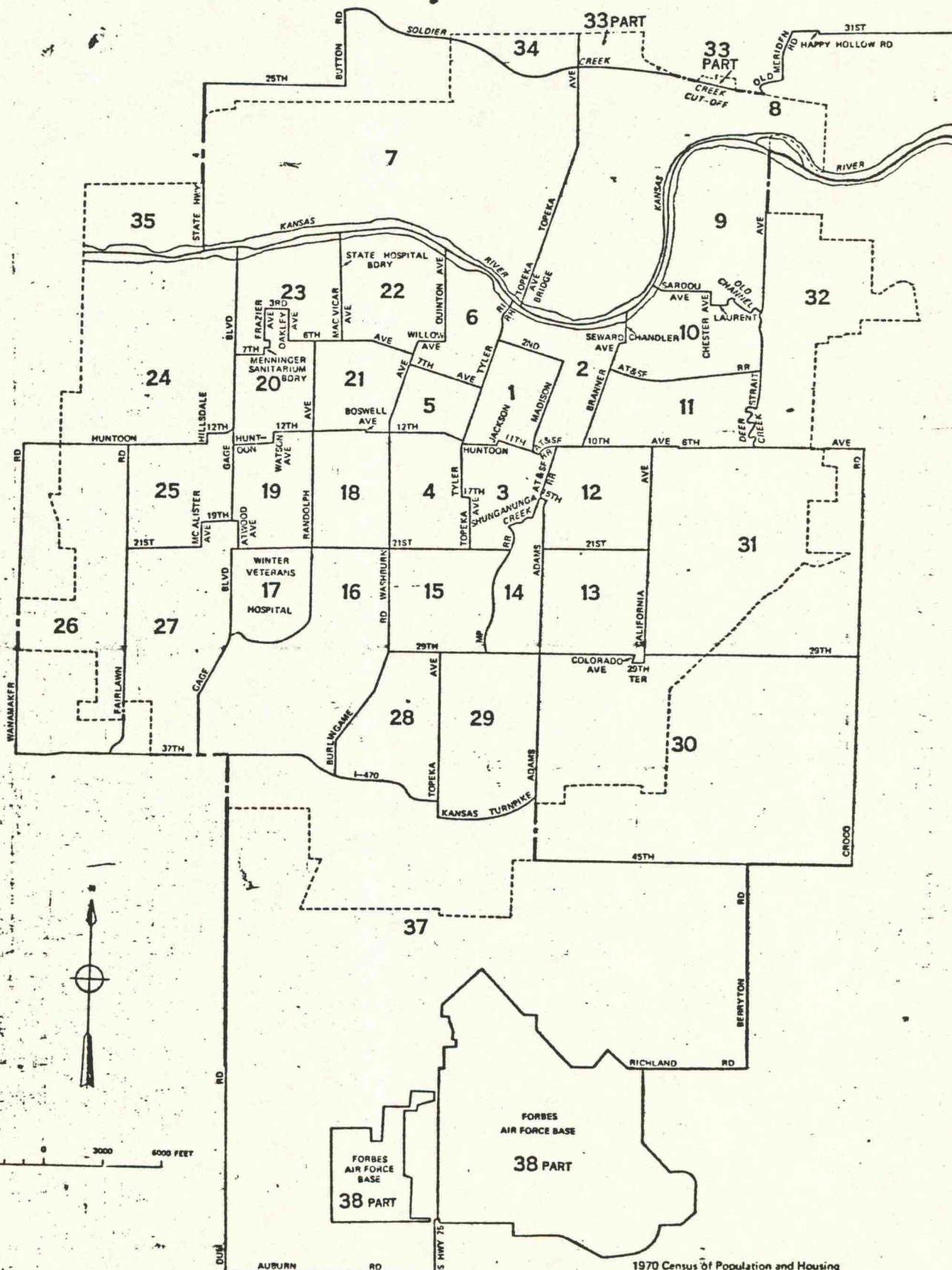
YEAR

PUBLIC SECONDARY

27,501,000	1970	13,332,000
27,688,000	1971	13,816,000
27,326,000	1972	13,909,000
26,700,000	1973	14,100,000
26,200,000	1974	14,300,000
25,800,000	1975	14,400,000
25,500,000	1976	14,300,000
25,100,000	1977	14,200,000
24,700,000	1978	13,700,000
24,500,000	1979	13,700,000
24,600,000	1980	13,100,000
24,800,000	1981	12,600,000
25,000,000	1982	12,100,000

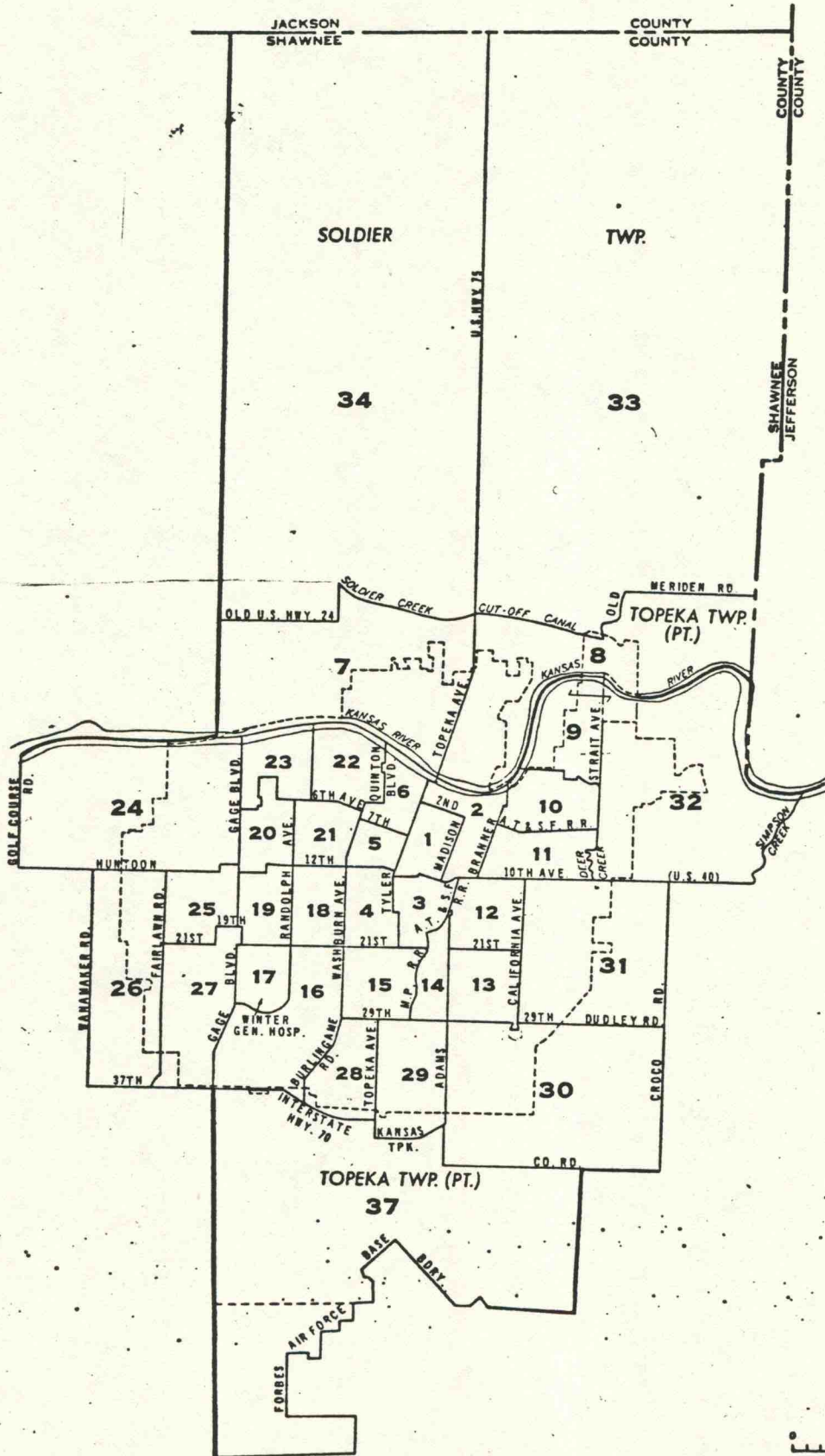
APPENDIX B

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE TOPEKA, KANS. SMSA INSET MAP - TOPEKA AND VICINITY



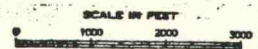
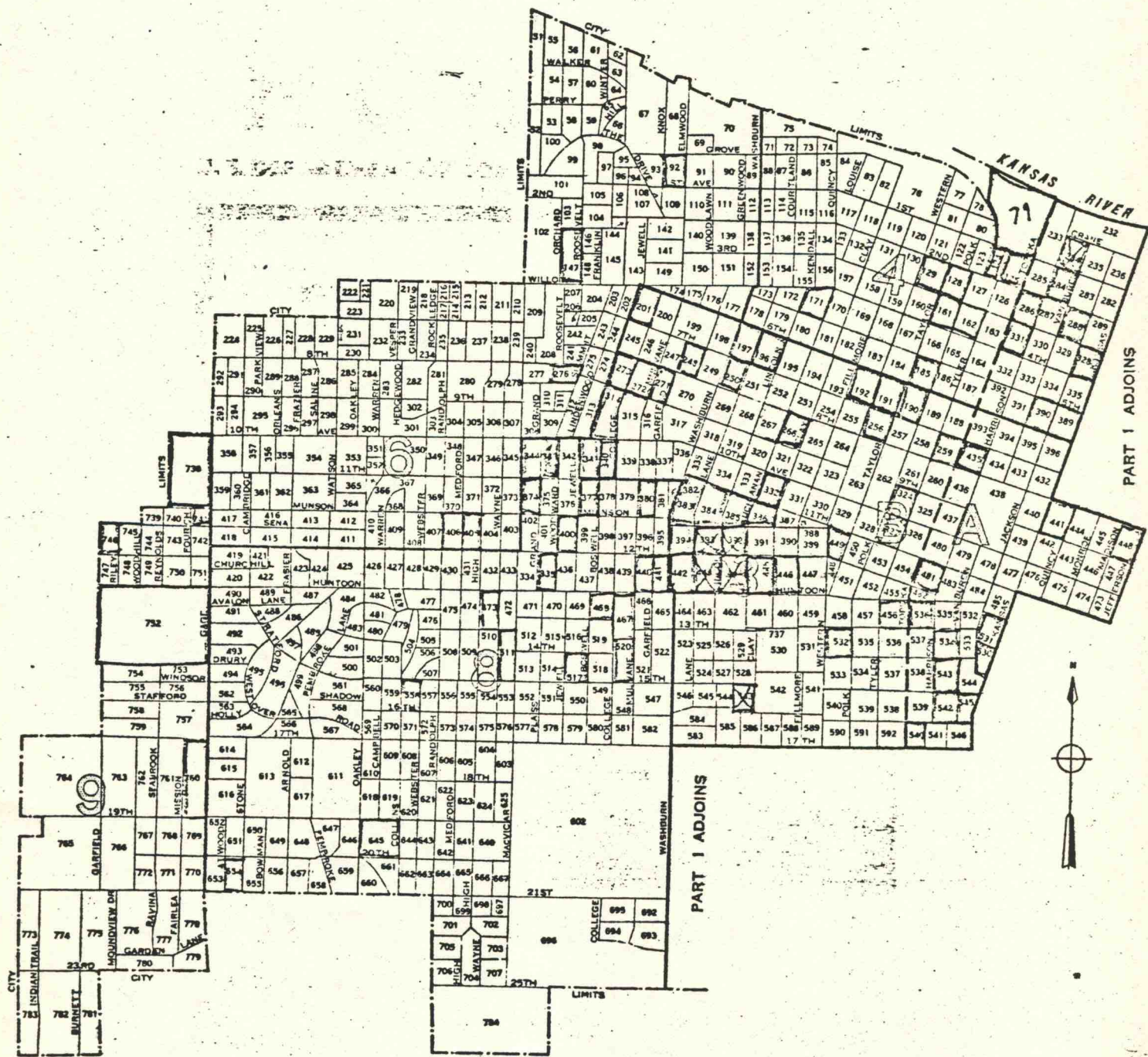
1970 Census of Population and Housing
 CENSUS TRACTS
 TOPEKA, KANS.
 STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
 Final Report PHC(1)-216

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE TOPEKA SMSA
INSET MAP - TOPEKA CITY AND ADJACENT AREA



TOPEKA, KANSAS, BY WARDS AND BLOCKS: 1950

PART 2 OF 2 PARTS



LEGEND

- BLOCK NUMBERS
- WARD NUMBERS
- WARD BOUNDARIES
- BLOCK AREA LETTERS
- BLOCK AREA BOUNDARIES
- U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

25
2
A

1940

A large ward map of Topeka, Kansas for 1940
is available at the city clerk's office.