JACKSON STATE UNIVERSITY

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

ORAL HISTORY PROGRAM

INTERVIEW AGREEMENT

You have been asked for information to be used in connection with the Oral History Program at Jackson State University, Jackson, Mississippi. The purpose of this program is to gather and preserve information for historical and scholarly use.

A tape recording of your interview will be made by the interviewer, and a typescript of the tape will be made and submitted to you for editing. The final retyped and edited transcript, together with the tape of the interview will . . then be placed in the oral history collection at Jackson State University, Jackson, Mississippi. Other institutions or persons may obtain a copy. These materials may be used for purposes of research, for instructional use, for publication, or for other related purposes.

I, Seorge M. Jones have read to above and, in viet of the historical and scholarly value of this have read the information, and in return for a final typed copy of the transcript, I knowingly and voluntarily permit Jackson State University, Jackson, the full use of this information. I hereby grant and assign all my rights of every kind whatever pertaining to this information, whether or not such rights are now known, recognized, or contemplated, to Jackson State University, Jackson, Mississippi.

Interviewee (Signature),

11-29-76

ORAL HISTORY PROGRAM

JACKSON STATE UNIVERSITY

INTERVIEWEE: REV. GEORGE JONES

INTERVIKWER: DEBORAH BENARD & DR. CATHERINE WEATHERBEE

SUBJECT: " THE GOOD OLE DAYS "

PLACE:

ST. JAMES SENIOR CITIZENS NUTRITIENS CENTERS

DATE: JULY, 1976

DR. KATHERINE WEATHERBEE AND I ARE INTERVIEWING REV. GEORGE D: JONES OF THE TOOGALOO AREA ON THE "GOOD OLE DAYS". WHEN YOU HEAR SOMEBODY SAY THE GOOD OLE DAYS, WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT?

WELL WHEN THEY SPEAK ABOUT THE GOOD OLE DAYS THEY GO BACK TO J: THEIR PAST, FORTY YEARS AGO. THAT WHAT THEY MEAN ABOUT THE GOOD OLE DAYS OR THEY BEGIN WITH THE 20 CENTURY.

D: WHERE WERE YOU BORN?

I WAS BORN IN CLAYBORNE COUNTY. HERMANVILLE, MISSISSIPPI. J:

D: IN WHAT YEAR?

J: SEPTEMBER 28, 1903.

- D: What kind of work did your parents do?
- J: My parents were farmers. They didn't do anything but farming.
- D: How many children were there?
- J: There were 4 of us. Four boys. And, I understand that tet there were four that preceded us.
- times

 D: What kind of good #4/s do you remember at home? Kinds of thinks

 you #1 all enjoyed doing together?
- J: well we enjoyed home. Just common every day living. There weren't much entertainment in the home that we have today. We had good times.

 i h m

 Just home entertainment. We worked togetjer. Just common getting along.
- D: Do you'll do anything that was specifically meant for entertainment like games or outings. Thinks of that nature/?
- J: Naw. It wasn't no home project, but in the community there was pichts

 picnics and community ball games. That was the main entertainment.

 S

 Then on some saturdays we would just get together and go to the swimming hole. (LAUCHTER)

- J: Didn't have swimming suits in those days. Didn't know nothing about no swimming suits. Go behind the bush or stayed in the pond folks passed.

 when **parabolic taste/by/ (LAUCHIER.)
- D: These would be your brothers and sisters? Neighbors?
- J: Yes. No. I didn't have no sisters. Brothers and neighbors, boys.
- D: Did the girls ever swim?
- J: No. I've never known the girls to swim.
- D: What about your early school days? Where did you go to school?
- J: I went to school at the Pisgh Pisgah Rosawall school.
- D: Was that a private school?
- J: No. It was a public school. It was between 7 and 8 miles east of Birmingham.
- D: What kind of activities did you'll participate in in those days?
- J: We played baseball. Didn't know anything at all about football and basketball.

- J: There weren't any high-powered bats. We Must had to take a board.

 But we had good ball games. We had a ballgame practically everyday at some of the schools. Some beca be out there wrestling. They some times would fight. (LAUGHTER.)
- D: What other kind of social activity did you all participate in that you considered a good time?
- J: Well, in the school there weren't thank dances. You'd have some type of plays or speakings. The only time we would have any dancing at the school would be the closing of the school. Of course, we had grown people and two persons who could play a fiddle or a guitar of something like that. Most of the dances were for grown people.
- D: How many grades did the school have?
- J: It had 8. It went through the eighth grade.
- D: Where did you go after?
- J: I went to Alcorn College. My

 catch M the ninth grade. But, in those days English was stressed
 ed.

 Incorrect verb. Someone
 would say: "You broke a verb!" The teacher was strong in

 Math.

- J: He did pretty good in English. Suppose to be one of the best teachers in touch Clayborne County. In those days you had to take take an examination for English and Math. Are you acquaint d with sign? That the man that and there was a with young lady. There were two of us. We took the examination together. And, she did well in English, but she didn't do well Math. So she cried. She failed. You in Math. .Winth grade. had to sympathize with her. don't know why I didn; t cry, but (LAUGHTER) She got 9th grade. But anyway I was glad I went on, I took 8th grade because over because in the 8th grade there was a good teacher. He taught a whole lot of grammar. There where I learned a whole lot of my grammar, it the 8th grade. So, after all, I was glad they kept me in the 8th grade.
- D: What year did you go to Alcorn?
- J: Let's see, it was in 23. October 7, 1923. I finished high school in 1927. Had to get 4 years to get out of high school. I came out in 31.
- D: What good times do you remember during your high school days at Alcorn?

J: There wasn't too much socializing. The good things that I can rember then was when we would have a special guest there. We had the cannoe to carry a young lady out. And then, Easter Sunday, boys and girls could get together. Those were about the only time they could get together. Thanksgiving, we would have a Thanksgivings game. But, there was no socializing like you doing now., by no mean. If you walked up the streets side a girl, you could be benind her same distance, you could be penalized. That's right. I remember we had a social and we had one of the boys go in the girl's dormitory. A boy tried to kiss one of the girls going back to the dormitory. One of the matrons saw him. They had a big faculty meeting over it. And, finally they sent him away. That was the boy's figst strike as far as I know of. Since he had been at Alcorn! I could He was about a freshman, I believe. call the person's name right now and he would recall exactly whe what I'm talking about. But, I won't do that. That was around 1928 when that young man left. I heard his name called about twelve months ago, or a little better, a young lady called his name, I said , he was at Alcorn, iI remember that fellow, that fellow when I , And I look in there and there was a And I have a 1927 Alcorn twelve grade picture in there. And, I told the lady takt that here is that same fellow. It was sure enough the same fellow. I had seen him in 40 years, I got a chance to go to his wedding in Jackson in about 3 months ago. And he has been out to my home with wife. I could go in there now and talk with him. But, anyway, he just got a little thrown out somewhere,

- J: And, of course, doing the spring been ball game and football we had the chance to especially walk back to the dormitory with the girls, or you could sit up in the bleaches, and at the end of the game you walk back and as far as the gate. We had a picket fence around the the the dormitory. And we thought we had a big time, We'd have socials, but the boys and girls could not dance together. And, I think that stayed on until I left there,
- D: You would dance with each other?
- J: Boys danced with a boy, Absolutely! Kind of crude, but, (LAUGHTER)
- D: You were telling me about this first strike. What were the conditions in that? How did it come about?
- This young man

 J: That's what I was telling you about, That/bot kissing that the girl,

 The matron identifie-d him and summitted a to report, And the faculty

 met on him and that brought about the and the student body was

 their approval. Had the college torn up for 7 days, Officers from

 Port Gibson had to come by out, the Board of Trustee had to come down

 and the students firmally got back in line. After every thing was

 adjusted, several students took a leave after it got settled-down.
- D: This was in 28?
- J: This This was in 29.
- D: What did you'll decided not to go to classes?
- J: Na*, Didn't go to classes! And, I happened to be in the dining hall every time.... walking around

- J: I've seen fellows take a stack of plates on the table and bush off on the floor.
- D: That was during the (demonstration.)
- J: Yea. During the noon hour. Stand syrup in the stand or they take

 ah, syrup stand and run the plates over with syrup. There was never an

 anything anybody could say about it. I'd seen it, but I couldn't say

 anything about it.
- D: O.K. You left Alcorn about 1931?
- J: I left Alcorn at bound 1931.
- D: What was your major in college?
- J: I majored in Political education, And, I minored in mathematics.
- D: Then what did you do after you graduated?
- J: Well, I got out and got the a job, I had my job before I finished. Think it was the 31 of May. Naw, I think it was the 27 of May if I am not mistaken. And, I got my job the 17 of April. I had an interview with the supererintendant of county. And the trustees. I had my job secured, before I finished. I was the first in the class to get a job. Well, we finished 31, there were 31 in the class. We 11 called that a big class.

 Jackson State College had Alcorn had If we had 30-35 in a class, that was a big class.
- D: So moved to Walthon County?
- J: Yes I began teaching in July 1. Well, I got there about the middle of June. I began work July 1, 1931.

D: You had A gring to make out to the

- D: You were a teacher?
- J: Yes, I was a principal and 8th grade teacher,
- D: When did you get married?
- J: I married to years before I finished school,
- D: So, You hattied/ You met your wife at Alcorn?
- J: Yes, We were classmates, At that time you got 2 years

 certificates. The young lady was in education. So she

 finished her sophomore year, we decided to get married. She went

 out and told General court house out from Laurel, Place

 called & Summerland. Have you ever heard of that place?
- D: Yea, I'm from ville, Mississippi,
- J: And, you from Jones County?
- D: Forrest County,
- That's not to far, I've gone through Hattiesburg, In fact J_{i} she taught 1 year. She came back to summer school, Found out she of the could finished work. So we stayed with one her teacher's house Junior year and I was doing my student teacjing it was I came back would be a Senior the next year. Went back to told her she could summer school one year. And the teacher, finish. She could stay on during the regular school year. So, she did. Well. I had to think about what you would call a big job that year, I was the custodian and the store room keeper, A ago, name Mr. Lyles. gentleman died a/few/ one of our Alumni a few

J: He had a drugstore right next to (door) That's Mr. Lyle's

He took charge of the store room. That is giving out all of the food stuff that had to be cooked. And, we had a lady that was inexperienced. And, she relied on me to do practically everything for and as ordering, kept a record of (transactions) a fellow from Fayetteville would come in with the meet, a little beef, a fellow from Magnolia. Mississippi had to bring in syrup two and three hundred gallons at a time. Any thing like that came in I had to receive it. And give the gentleman a little statement of what he brought in. Then he would carry it up to the Business office. Of course, at that the time they didn't call it no Business Office. And the work that I was doing, as Custodian and store room (Clerk) That is I gave out at that time the boys had wash-pan in the room, different buckets, brooms, mops, and then That ticket had to be filled with we'd give out tickets hay. We had hay mattresses, Go to the burn and get 1/01/4/ 1/1/4/ your And, then I had the name of all of the male students, I knew hay. exactly where / 11 ther male students lived. I had a big book of every name and number. (RECORD) BOOK) The number of men. When the parents came the President all ways sent them to me, I could just 10 go on and carry them to their son or daughter, Not his daughter! Carry the man right on to his son room, And of course, Things were just up a little high then than they are now. We called them dead Dean of Men or Dean of Students, We didn't have them terms then.

- D: This was Walthon County in 1931. How long did you stay there?
- J: I stayed there 4 years. I was there July 1, 1931 to July 1, 1935.
- D: This This was during the depression?
- J: Yea. During the depression. That's right. Right through
- D: What was your situation during that time?
- J: Like what?
- D: Like money, food and...
- J: Oh. It was scarce. Just couldn't get thick. We couldn't get a warrant. You'd jsut get a certificate. for teaching. And, if you get somebody to cash it thick at a discount. There was a white gentleman who gave me. He was a well to do man. And, he had a daughter. He cash a good many. Large per centage of this the certificates. We had certificates of... Well, at that time \$40.00 was a good salary. You know Dr. Thompson at Jackson State?
- D: Yes.
- J: She had her first experience with me teaching. I was of the the class of 31. She was in the Class of 32. I think I could as a favor \$45. from her. They paid me \$100. T
- D: By they, do you mean Alcorn?
- J: Yes. And, the state Zaid half of my salary. And, go back to these certificates. We had certificates for \$40. Let's say \$35 or \$40. Ah, she'd make about \$10 off of that

 went on for about 2 years, before you could get

Jones: Some mercal/ints wouldn't cash them. But, we didn't have have any trouble at the bank. And, food was cheaper at taht time. I bought round steak for 15 cents a pound. I bought a V-8 Ford for \$600. (Laughter) I bought suits for \$20. I bought 24 lbs. of flour, and I'm talking about some of the best flour for 40 and 50 cents a sack.

- D: Did you farm any during that time?
- The teachers had a little land connected J: Naw. At that time, to the school. For that purpose a person might have a little demonstration plot. Of course, I had a little plot. And, of course, what you made off of it you could use for self. So, I always had my own little school garden. Then in 1935 I bought a farm. That was located in Pike county. 7 miles east of Magnolia , Mississippi. So, I began to by buy land in 1935. From there on up until this hiur, I always say I could go home. I've been going home every since 1935. So, anyway about 4 or 5 years ago, I sold it to my brother. My brother came to visit me about two weeks ago. I went back to Claiborne County to be with my people. Up around Hermanville, Well, I moved my people from James out from Magnolia. Country into the farm that I bought. But I didn't stay, I left. I left Walthon County in 1936 1935. Then I work for Scott County. Out from Forrest, Mississippi. I didn't spend but 8 months in that county. I pledged to get away.

- D: What did you do there?
- and Principal, then. I was scheduled to go on J: Well, I was to a place called Ackerman, Mississippi. There was Judge Coleman down there . And, I came to Jackson, my wife running a store, a little cafe right next to the Grescent laundry She insisted cause I was yet. She just wanted to go girl. I was hoping to go and come along. She was just a on back. Well, I did come back. But, after I got there the trustees... I even remember the man I had to see about the job, was having a big rally. Paul Johnson was having a rally. I've forgotten the name of the place now. It was between the place that I went to which was named Harperville. and Forrest where the rally was going on. So, the man that invited me to come to look the job over was at that big picnic taha that day. So, I didn't get the chance to see him nor the trustees. If I had been by mystyle self, I would have gone to Ackerman because I had an/a my plans to be with the superintendent there. But, I had to bring the lady back to Jackson. And, I went back to Ackerman the next morning. When I got back the next of morning, the man, the trustee who had invited me 11 just wouldn't let me go. So I 154 just agreed with them. Then it came up this superintendent was threatening to take off agriculturel work there, and I was glad. I had the ¢ chance to get away then. I came out from there then, and came on back home. Went back to my farm. And, ther next year, I think it was County. This school was beabout 36 or 37, I went on to

5.

- J: Tween This school was between Liberty and Magnolia, Mississippi.

 13

 It's a no number highway there. I was there for about 18/months.

 And, I went from there to Jefferson Davis County near Prentiss, Ms.

 The post office was in Silver Creek. Well, I was there 4 years.

 Right before the second World War was to bre-ak out. I was elected to another year and school was to begin in September sometimes.

 Well, I left there around the first of September. Then I got 1/2 the chance to come back to my home. I got a job right there in the county. The high subool was in Magnolia.
- D: What is your rememberance of WWI?
- J: Well, I was a small fellow then. I remember when they sated the war came to a close 1917. I remember several young men of the community that went to the Army. I remember when they came back.

 I the remember the songs that people made them sing about. People made-up songs, bouts they called them at that time. Bring them to the church and sell em. After awhile some of the folks in the church would learn them and they would sang them.
- D: Like what for instance? Some of the Names of the Songe.
- J: Well, one was entitled, 'When the Boys Come Home' to I know the of words for another one, but I'm trying to get the title for it.

 One big thing that I remember, they had a bad outbreak of flu.

 It was called influenzia at that the that time. Of courste, they call the word flu for short now. And, it was very detrimental.

 A good many died from it. More whites died from it than did Blacks.

swother one

- J: Be ause the Blacks did not go to the Doctor. In Instead... tea / and hog... tea and should tea, and all like that. And then some of the white families began to use it too. They found out that (Laughter) that Blacks... Hermanville they had to have teo or three deaths ah the same day. By the and way I was in a Council meeting yesterday over at the R&D center. And, the health doctor, the health doctor, Dr. Maxvear, he was M.C...V.E.Y. He was one of our guests there yesterday. And, he went back ... You know we are concerned about flu now, you know.
- D: Huh. U
- J: He went back and talked about that flu, yesterday. So, the are some of the things that stood out in . Boys leaving, I know how i the reaction from the parents. And then the flu came in those were two thing that *ttood out.
- D: Did you have any brothers to go?
- J: No.
- D: What was the reaction of the parents?
- J: Well, we accepted it. Weel You know of course, a child leave out from the home grief ft for as that was concerned. Other than that
- D: You mentioned a hog cup of tea. What's that?
- J: Hog cup tea.
- D: Hog cuff tea? What is that?
- J: Well, that tea... you know hog got a ... You've seen hogs haven't you?
- D: Ugn. Yea!
- J & D: (Laughter)
- D: The hoof!
- J: Yea, In killing the hog you can pull that feet in hot water and hoof g
 you can pull that little old feet off I might not can pronounce

- J: I might not can pronounce it as you do.
- D: OGh
- J: And, a they , mothers would save those things. When sicknesses occur like colds or flu you could use it take it and boil it some way. there

 Sweeting it up */ph//why and give it to 1/7 you.
- D: Oh, I see.
- J: Then take all day shucks, All them shucks then just \$\mathbb{e}\$ sweeted the tea from the shucks. Put water on the shucks and boil them. Called it shuck tea. (Laughter)
- D: UM. I see. Okay, we a can move up a bit now to when you were in Forrest, Mississippi. What was it about Forrest takk tak that you didn't like? Was it Forest?
- J: Well, this was... I was in I was out from Forrest in Harlanville in Scott county. At that time, the school was called Mid-way

- J: That was the mame of the community. Now there call it North

 Scott. And, they built a big school there since I left. In fact,

 I been back tet there once tinte Young fellow came to Tougallo.

 And, finished two years of high school and college. And, while during his college years, latter part, I went back to the community with him. I been away from there almost exact 20 years.

 since the time I went back. And, of courst the community had changed wi quite a bit. And, another thing about it. During the winter season we had so the muce rain we just couldn't get out there there. Just almost impassable. To get out. So, I didn't like in the community And, Of course, when opportunity
 I got the thanke I just came on I than out of there.
- D: Uh Huh. I see. What kinds of things did you do when you were at those little places like Harperville, and a Mid County and Jefferson Davis county? What kinds of things did you do for entertainment? Social activity?
- J: Well, at that time was when I first went out to teach. Basketball was a big thing going-on. When I went into a school I know anything I had never seen any basketball football in my life. Without ronce of twice practicing for football. got all sore. Then, I didn't have time to play football anyway. Because my parents never # paid a dime for me to go to school. I had to work my through school. If I wouldn't have had that kind of time, I would

- J: I thought I would have gone/out and tried Went out several morning, I was so sore, wasn't no I just stopped going out. Well, anyway, when I went out, when I went to Walthon County. My first teaching experience. First thing I did I & ran into basketball. And, I got a little rule book. And, I learned more from the boys. Yea, I learned from the boys. I used them in such a way that I didn't know anything about it yet they gave me all of the respect. Just takt that I knew how to do it, I just worked through the boys. And, I had a very nice basketmall team. They most of the schools I jsut had good basketball teams. Up in Jefferson Davis County, near Prentiss I took my team, then they came back to Magnolis. Out from Magnolia. where I bought my place. My land joined with the church and school property. And, my wife was working there. The ftist year I was at Jefferson County, my family was still there so that's my home. My wife was working there at the community school right sat my home. The school had joined my place. So, I brought my team down play them. Played against a school called, named Hill. And, I brought my team down to play them. Girls and boys. Had a good team. I could tell you You got a lady there at Jackson College now. working in the library was my main basketball player. D This young lady went to Alcorn and finisthe Alcorn. And, was an outstanding basketball paayer. She and Mrs. Firnch (sp.). Mrs. Firnch p**layed** at Jackoson State.
- D: Uh Huh. I know Mrs. Firnchs,

- J: I Mrs. Firnchs home when teach at Magnolia, Mississippi.

 And, she and Firnchs were the stars on Alcorn's basketball team. They come there and played Tougaloo. And, just beat Tougaloo to death.
- D: Who was thet/ lady at- the libaary?
- This lady, I was coming back, this lady been Mrs. J: Sutton. At that time she was working in some of the shop for the secretary. Well, I understand now that she is in the library. She was my main basketball player. And, then there were two #11 girls, two sisters and they were twins. And, they had pretty good height. So, I Mas had a good girls basketball team. And, boys. So, you know Mrs Miss. Alberts was one of my students there at Jefferson Davis county. And of course, Mrs, Firnchs, I didn't teach her however. I Her was her home-room teacher for the twle 12 grade.class. husband, in fact they KAA have property out there. Well, they got some property right in front of our house. Where I live now. Mr. Firnchs came out I was setting up a line for my all this could be heard too. I was setting up a line for ah..... I was setting up a ma..... for my line. And, I was taking it from j his side measuring it. I knew I knew exactly where his exactly where his lot....he has two lots lot started and we where the other one begins. put down an iron peg there. So, he came out didn't know what like talking about. I called his attention. He didn't speak so you know sometimes a fellow can kind of speak a little dull. You know, it kinda throw you off a little bit.

- J: And, he found out where it waas, he turn right aound and made me an apology. (Laughter) I said, oh yes. I was your wife's homroom er homeroom teach## when I was in Magnolia, Ms. He came back the next morning out there on Sunday morning, too. He happen to see me in my car port. He'll speak to me from as far as that house out there.
- D: Okay. We're up to the point to where you came to Jackson. How did you decided to come to Jackson? To work?
- Well, its Let me get right on int the story. I a came to... I was J: doing agricultural work in two of the small county school, s And, me at Magnolia, A Mr. 🛪 A. J. Dillard. and this gentleman was a And, he came and prevailed Mr. Dillard lived here for about me to come to Magnolia. And, then the superintendent agreed and I got the att agreement from the state department of education. So. I came there and there was quite a bit of land there in Magnolia. And I just came the Walthon training school where I had my first teaching experience. organized the girls and boys. Put them in a club there called it the We had a combination of both Agricultural and Home Economics class/ groups. And, I did the same thing there at Magnolia. And, some things I just worked to begin/en/ working them together. Working them together, I get them in the fall, we just planted turnip and mustards. there at Magnolia. It There we had nice mustards and turnips kind of openned their eyes up. Of the community. Then there spring PépPeople thought and summer. I had a nice veget the crop. it was very nice. They had never seen that much vegetable tow grow on

Sign a small place

- J: And the teacher at Tougaloo her mother home gn was in Maffolia. Her Magno olia was living there and at one time she was Supervisor, then again she was the home demonstration . She was a Mrs Gore (Gordon). And, the this lady that I'm talking about she had just started. She's a Mrs. Gray now. Do you know Mrs. Gray?
- D: (Didn't respond.)
- J: So she came here for Christmas. And, she was talking to her mother about it. Of course, I didn't know it at that time. And, they closed up for Xmas holidays. I happened to go to Magnolia. She saw me and said: "You're the very man I want to see." Then she told me what her mother had said. And, she said: 'We want tobegin at Tougaloo, we want to put into our economics vegetables growing, poultry production." She called two or three things, you know. 'We want to set it up on the pattern of Tuskegee. And, you would be the very man we'd want there. And, she talked. ''Can#/ we # get you now?" As quick as I can get out of my job. Before June the 30 Or July 1. And, probably before to that time, it might be possible we could have contact. So, anyway, that ended the conversation, right. She said: 'Well, I'm going to tell Dean about you."

And sure enough come a weeks time, I got a letter, from J: Tougaloo. come on down for an interview. went. And, they were asking me about the possibility of coming then. I told them I couldn't come. I felt I could let te them know between that time and June. I was sure that by that whether time I could tell if it could be possible that I could come. So, I did. I begin work there at Tougaloo September 1, 1945. My family was still from Magnolia county. My wife was the Principle. She was the elementary principal, there at the high school at Magnolia. Then she had been elected to be Principal for the next year. But, after I left, then she made a change to be right back to that school that joined my premises. So, the superintendent made the exchange. And, they paid her the same salary at the school that \$ j she went to \$ a as they were paid her at Magnolia. So, she taught there from September til I got a house. See when I got there, weren't no house available. Finally, an English teacher that was suppose to come back, did not come back. There was a vacant of house. So when the tt Trustees had a meeting, Miss. Gordon at that time and then took me Those two they woild always Dean talk with me. And, tell me if the Trustees were going to be in or out. Talked about your house. All like that. They would encourage me on it. Boost me up, you know. Some of the Trustees ask me did I with the Ma head Trustee there and we went by and 11 look at the house. But, telly they were a little bit skeptical, see See, I was coming in there with seven children. Nowhere better person around received

J: Tougaloo county with seven children! And, at that time, Tougaloo did allow, you couldn't walk on ni no grass up there on that campus or nothing like that. Couldn't walk on ni cross that campus!

Naw! And, I, they were a little sceptical. Thought the children would break-out the windows. So, anyway, they agreed that I could get the house. So, just ni before Xmas, I moved my family there. So we stayed there in that house twelve years! There wasn't a window-n and dependent out. Or nothing like that. Old shrubbery and stuff rounf there just bad, I brought all thise things out. We had a prettty. In fact, I had there is second best kept premises on the campus. That's right. These children kept effer everything, lawn and everything mowed, just in shape. We stayed there in that house twelve years.

///////THE END OF SIDES 1 AND 2 OF ME THE DENARD & JONES TAPE.///////////